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CLOSED SHELF

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia And Chairman of NUFK, Visits DPRK

President Kim Il Sung gladly met Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and firmly shook hands with him. (KCNA Radiophoto)

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, arrived in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, on May 19 by special train for a goodwill visit to our country on the invitation of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, together with his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae, came out to the railway station and gladly met Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his entourage who have come carrying the feelings of friendship of the heroic Cambodian people toward our people.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk were accompanied by Princess Norodom Ket Kanya, aunt of the Head of State; Madame Pomme Peang, mother of Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk; Duong Sam Ol, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and Madame; Kou Roun, Member of the High Council of the Throne, and Madame; Pung Peng Cheng, director of the office of the Head of State, and Madame; Ang Kim Khoan, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Kingdom of Cambodia to our country, and Madame; Nou Pech, Charge d'Affaires of the Kingdom of Cambodia to the Soviet Union, and Madame; Isoup Ghanty, diplomatic representative of the Kingdom of Cambodia in Sweden, and Madame; Princess Norodom Boppha Devi and Princess Norodom Sorya Reungsy, daughters of the Head of State of Cambodia; Prince Norodom Ranariddh, Prince Norodom Chakrapong and Prince Norodom Narindrapong, sons of the Head of State of Cambodia; and suite.

The visit to our country by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, a staunch anti-imperialist fighter, ardent patriot of Cambodia and intimate comrade-in-arms and friend of our people, carries greater significance as it follows the historic victory of the Cambodian people in the struggle against U.S. aggression and for national salvation. The visit is a significant event in strengthening and developing onto a new, higher stage the indestructible militant friendship and solidarity which were forged between the two peoples of Korea and Cambodia and are daily strengthening and developing in the course of the struggle to realise the common goal and ideal on the firm principles of anti-imperialist struggle.

Tens of thousands of working people in the capital were out at the railway station carrying the national flags of the two countries, flowers and balloons in their hands to welcome the guests.

Before the arrival of the guests, Comrade Kim Il Sung came out to the railway station.

Present there were vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Comrade O Jin U and his wife, Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Comrade So Chol, Comrade Kong Jin Tae, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly Hwang Jang Yop, Chairmen of the Committees and Ministers of the Administration Council, responsible functionaries of working people's organisations and Pyongyang municipal power organs, generals of the Korean People's Army, responsible men of science, education, culture, art and the press and Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of our country to the Kingdom of Cambodia Kim Un Hwan.

Also present there were staffers of the Royal Embassy of Cambodia, foreign diplomatic envoys and Cambodian students studying in our country.

At 5 p.m., the special train carrying the goodwill mission of the heroic Cambodian people slowly pulled into the railway station through rolling waves of flowers amid the playing of the welcome music and loud cheers.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk alighted from the train, waving his hand to the welcomers in acknowledgement of their enthusiastic cheers.

Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly shook hands with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and hugged him warmly, and exchanged greetings with the entourage of Samdech.

A grand welcome ceremony for Samdech Norodom Sihanouk was held at the railway station plaza.

The national anthems of Cambodia and our country were played and a 21-gun salute was fired.

In company with Comrade Kim Il Sung, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk reviewed a guard of honour of the three services of the Korean People's Army.

Comrade Kim Il Sung and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk with broad smiles on their faces got into the car and headed for the Guest House.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk paid a courtesy call on Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae on the afternoon of May 20.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk in a cordial and friendly atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of amity.

Comrade Kim Il Sung arranged a grand banquet at the Mansudae Assembly Hall in honour of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame.

Invited to the banquet were Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk and their entourage.

Present at the banquet were vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Comrade O Jin U and his wife, Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Comrade So Chol, Comrade Ho Dam and his wife, Comrade Kong Jin Tae, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly Hwang Jang Yop, Chairmen of the Committees and Ministers of the Administration Council, responsible functionaries of working people's organisations, responsible functionaries of Pyongyang municipal power bodies, generals of the Korean People's Army, responsible men of science, education, culture, art and the press and Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of our country to the Kingdom of Cambodia Kim Un Hwan.

Invited to the banquet were staff members of the Royal Cambodian Embassy, diplomatic envoys of various countries in Pyongyang and Cambodian students studying in our country.

When Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife, together with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame, appeared in the banquet hall to the strains of the welcome music, the entire attendants warmly welcomed them with loud applause.

The banquet began with the playing of the national anthems of Cambodia and our country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung spoke at the banquet. (See page 2)

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk spoke next. (See page 2)

The banquet proceeded in a cordial atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of militant friendship and solidarity.

A performance was given at the banquet by artists of the Mansudae Art Troupe.

Talks Held between President KIM IL SUNG And Samdech NORODOM SIHANOUK

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—Talks were held between Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, in Pyongyang on May 20.

At the talks views were exchanged on further consolidating and developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of the two countries, Korea and Cambodia, on international problems of mutual concern and a number of other problems.

The talks proceeded in a sincere and friendly atmosphere.

Central Meet of Koreans Here Grandly Held to Celebrate 20th Anniv. Of Founding of Chongryun by President KIM IL SUNG

A central meeting was grandly held on May 25 at the Korean Cultural Center in Tokyo to commemorate the 20th anniversary of the founding of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongryun) by the great leader, President Kim Il Sung on May 25, 1955.

The 20th birthday of Chongryun on May 25 this year, which marked another brilliant milestone in the movement of the Korean residents in Japan, who have created a vanguard model in the overseas citizens' movement in the world by embodying in it the immortal *Juche* idea, Kimilsungism, was greeted with ardent congratulations from and joy of not only the Korean people in the homeland and Japan but peoples of the world.

Put in place of honor on the platform was a portrait of President Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, the sun of the nation and the legendary hero, who restored the lost fatherland for the Korean people, gave them happy and meaningful life, gave personal leadership in the formation of Chongryun and led it to victory and glory.

Taking the platform were Chairman Han Duk Su of the CSC of Chongryun, its vice-Chairmen Li Jin Gyu, Li Gye Baek and Hong Bong Su, its department chiefs, responsible functionaries of organizations and business enterprises affiliated with it and chairmen of Chongryun's prefectural headquarters.

The platform was also taken by various economic delegations from the glorious fatherland—the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, including a delegation of the Daedong Trade Company, headed by Li Gi Chan.

Over 4,000 other Chongryun workers and enthusiasts attended.

A thousand emotions crowd on their minds as all the Chongryun workers and resident compatriots look back upon the past 20 years of hard-fought but victorious struggles of Chongryun. All of them are now overwhelmed with an infinite sense of honor and pride of being overseas citizens of *Juche* Korea, a country under the preeminent guidance of our great leader.

The meeting began with a powerful chorus of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung."

With unanimous allegiance and boundless thanks to the leader of Chongryun workers and compatriots here, young men and women placed respectfully a floral basket before the portrait of President Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, legendary hero and benevolent father of Korean residents in Japan, who organized Chongryun on the basis of the immortal *Juche* idea, opened a new era of *Juche* for the movement of Korean residents in Japan and has brought happiness and joy to them.

All the attendants at the meeting rose from their seats all at once and enthusiastically shouted: "Long live the great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung!"

Amidst prolonged, thunderous applause and cheers, Li Gi Chan, head of the DPRK economic delegation, who took part in the meeting representing the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, conveyed a congratulatory message sent by President Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the Korean people, to Chairman Han Duk Su, on the occasion of the 20th founding anniversary of Chongryun.

At that moment all the attendants again stood to their feet with loud cheers of "*manse*!" and prolonged, thunderous applause shaking the meeting hall.

Greatly praising the brilliant achievements registered by Chongryun in the past 20 years, the great leader President Kim Il Sung, in his congratulatory message, indicated the clear-cut way ahead of Chongryun and Korean residents in Japan, suitable for the present situation rapidly changing in favor of the Korean people.

Thanks to wise leadership and warm care extended by the leader, Chongryun today became a dignified, authoritative overseas citizens organization of the DPRK whose loyalty to the great leader is undoubtedly firm, with all its activists and compatriots rallied close around him.

So, it exerts unrivalled influence and its prestige is skyrocketting.

On the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the founding of Chongryun, the great leader gave the "Order of Kim Il Sung," the highest order of the DPRK, to Chosen University and the Choson Sinbo-sa Company in particular, while conferring many other state decorations and honorable titles on organizations of Chongryun, its functionaries and Korean residents in Japan, including precious gifts.

All the attendants of the meeting were given medals to commemorate the 20th birthday of Chongryun set by the leader.

Li Gi Chan, head of the economic delegation of the fatherland, handed to Chairman Han Duk Su a silk banner bearing the names of both the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and silk banners sent by various organizations in the homeland, including the Central Committee of the Fatherland Front and the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea.

Chairman Han Duk Su made a report at the meeting. (See page 4)

He said in the beginning of his speech:

Availing myself of this significant date, I would like to extend reverentially highest honor and warmest thanks to our respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung. This is manifestation of the boundless adoration of all the Chongryun workers and resident compatriots for and their fiery allegiance to him. He created Chongryun under the flag of the immortal *Juche* ideology and has guided the movement of Koreans in this country to win proud victory, showing compatriotic affection and solicitude for the resident compatriots. He is our people's fatherly leader, a revolutionary genius and the sun of our nation.

On behalf of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryun, I fervently congratulate all its activists and resident compatriots on this red-letter day.

Flying the banner of great Kimilsungism, they all have rallied around Chongryun in singlehearted patriotism and scored impressive achievements in the 150-day "Allegiance Innovation Movement to Commemorate the 20th Anniversary of Chongryun."

I take this opportunity to send hearty greetings to the people in the homeland in the name of all the Chongryun workers and resident compatriots. They have always been supporting with kindred spirits the struggle in Japan in response to the lofty will of our great leader.

On behalf of all the organizations of Chongryun and resident compatriots, I extend heartfelt welcome to Japanese guests from various walks of life and friends from foreign countries that are now in Japan with warm friendly feelings towards the Korean people. I express profound thanks to the broader sections of Japanese people and progressive people in the rest of the world and international organizations for their active patronage of the patriotic struggle of Chongryun.

The last 20 years have witnessed numerous activists and patriotic compatriots die martyrs in the sacred patriotic cause of Chongryun.

I pay profound tribute to those who have laid down their lives in Chongryun's patriotic work for the sake of our great leader, for the fatherland and for the people.

He was followed by Li Gi Chan, head of the delegation of the fatherland.

The head of the delegation representing the DPRK Government, first, in the name of the entire Korean people, extended warm compatriotic greetings to Chongryun functionaries and Korean nationals in Japan, who had scored shining results for the fatherland and the nation under the banner of the great *Juche* idea, despite the difficult situation in an alien land.

(Continued on page 3)

The platform of the central meeting to celebrate the 20th birthday of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan

We Regard Glorious Victory of Fraternal Cambodian People in Anti-U.S., Nat'l Salvation Struggle as Victory of Korean People Themselves, Extend Warmest Congratulations to Them

Speech of President KIM IL SUNG

At Banquet

Esteemed Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk,

Esteemed Cambodian guests,

Dear comrades and friends,

We are very happy to meet again in our Pyongyang Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea and our most intimate friend, after the Cambodian people defeated the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their lackeys and won a great victory, liberating the whole of the country; and we warmly welcome the visit to our country by Samdech and his entourage.

We regard the glorious victory achieved by the fraternal Cambodian people in their anti-U.S., national salvation struggle as the victory of the Korean people themselves and extend the warmest congratulations to Samdech Head of State and, through Samdech, to the National United Front of Kampuchea, the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia, the entire resistance fighters and people of Cambodia at home.

This is the 10th year after we first met Samdech Head of State as comrades-in-arms with the same aim, on the same road of anti-imperialist struggle. During this period our amity and the friendly relations between our two peoples have constantly deepened and developed, unaffected by any storm and stress, and now we have come to warmly greet Samdech Head of State as a triumphant anti-imperialist fighter.

Our country is the first to be visited by Samdech Head of State following the complete liberation of Cambodia. This manifests your profound trust in us and greatly encourages our people in their struggle for socialist construction and national reunification.

The victory won by the Cambodian people in the five years of fierce struggle against U.S. aggression and for national salvation is an event of historic significance.

The Cambodian people's victory of today is the precious fruition of the heroic, arduous struggle waged by the National Liberation People's Armed Forces and the entire patriotic people led by the resistance fighters at home, who are rallied firmly around the National United Front of Kampuchea with Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk as its Chairman and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia.

And this victory is unthinkable apart from the indomitable activity of Samdech Head of State who has resolutely fought against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, displaying staunch fighting will and patriotism never yielding to any adversities.

As soon as the U.S. imperialists engineered the reactionary military coup d'edat in Cambodia, Samdech Head of State announced the historic 5-point statement on March 23, 1970 to rally the Cambodian people around a broad united front and initiated the summit conference of the Indochinese people to strengthen and develop their common struggle. This was a brilliant exploit.

Through their valiant liberation struggle the Cambodian people have convincingly testified to the truth that even a small nation can vanquish a big enemy if they hold fast to the independence and bravely fight unafraid of sacrifice; and they have made a great contribution to the third world people's common cause of anti-imperialism.

Now, the Cambodian people have before them a bright prospect of consolidating the victory they have won and building a new prosperous society, while smashing the continued subversion and sabotage by the U.S. imperialists.

The Special National Congress of Cambodia held some time ago elucidated Cambodia's task in its new stage of history—the task of building an independent, peaceful, neutral and territorially integrated non-aligned Cambodia.

We assure you that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will firmly stand by the fraternal Cambodian people and continue to give active support and encouragement to their just cause; and we sincerely wish them greater victories in their forthcoming struggle.

Dear comrades and friends,

Following the Cambodian people's victory the South Vietnamese people also won a historic victory, completely liberating the whole of their territory.

The U.S. imperialists threw hundreds of thousands of troops and poured millions upon millions of dollars into Indochina, but they were kicked out and their lackeys were ruined at last. This shows that the time is gone forever when the imperialists could behave at their will in the East and no force can stop the process of the total disintegration of imperialist colonial system.

The U.S imperialists are still bluffing, but they will be driven out of south Korea and all other parts of Asia where they are setting foot, by the united struggle of the revolutionary Asian people.

The present situation is turning in favour of our revolution each day.

Our people will further accelerate socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic, actively support the south Korean people's struggle against fascism and for democracy and strengthen unity with the world's progressive people, so that they will definitively check and frustrate the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvres for aggression and war against Korea and achieve the historic cause of national reunification before long.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I would like to extend my profound thanks to the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia for having actively supported and encouraged our people's struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland and, particularly, to Samdech Head of State for having so often rendered invaluable help to our people's cause of national reunification through his dynamic state activity.

The Korean people will advance hand in hand forever with the Cambodian people and in firm unity with all the progressive people in Asia and the rest of the world in the anti-imperialist, anti-colonialist common struggle.

In conclusion, allow me to propose a toast

To congratulate the great victory gained by the Cambodian people in the anti-U.S. national salvation struggle,

To the eternal militant friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Cambodian peoples,

To the good health and long life of esteemed Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk,

To the health of all the Cambodian guests,

To the health of diplomatic envoys of various countries and madames and

To the health of all comrades and friends present here.

Under Brilliant Leadership of President Korean People Will Surely Realize in Near Future Country's Reunification after Expelling U.S. Imperialists from S. Korea

Speech of Samdech NORODOM SIHANOUK

At Banquet

Most respected and beloved Your Excellency Marshal President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

It is with infinite emotion and pride that today I have the great honour of paying to Your Excellency most illustrious and great leader of the Korean people the vibrant and fervent homage of the Cambodian people, the National United Front of Kampuchea, the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia and the Cambodian National Liberation People's Armed Forces that achieved final victory over U.S. imperialism, the aggressor, and its lackeys, the Lon Nol clique, by liberating our capital Phnom Penh and the whole territory of our country one month ago.

This victory which Your Excellency great hero of our revolutionary and anti-imperialist Asia is magnificently celebrating this evening is also the victory of the glorious Democratic People's Republic of Korea which under the wisest leadership of Your Excellency accorded unconditional support and diversified aid to our just cause and national salvation struggle and expressed total, militant and powerful solidarity from the first day of this struggle till its triumphant conclusion.

As Head of State of totally liberated Cambodia, I have the supreme happiness and the supreme honour of visiting your country to express the most profound, eternal gratitude of the Cambodian people, the NUFK, the RGNUC, the CNLPAF and my own to Your Excellency the respected and beloved, great leader of the heroic Korean people and to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Most respected and beloved Your Excellency Marshal President of the Republic,

Most respected Madame President Kim Song Ae,

Each time we came to your country, so beautiful and so developed, and to its brilliant capital, most respected Your Excellencies and the fraternal Korean people, your prestigious Party and your eminent Government accorded a particularly warm, kind and grand welcome to our delegation, to my wife and myself.

We extend most respectful thanks from the bottom of our hearts to you for this and consider your so kind solicitude as an expression of the fine friendship and most valuable support of special importance to the entire Cambodian people and nation through us humble personnel.

In your unforgettable speeches to us Your Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved, great leader of the Korean people, who brings into magnificent bloom so pure, so beautiful and so intimate amity indestructibly uniting our two countries, two peoples, two Governments and two Heads of State, expresses most noble, most generous and most emotional sentiments.

In your noble speech this evening, Your Excellency President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea recalled with extreme tenderness the fraternal amity uniting for ever Heads of State of our two countries from 1965, when we, together with President Sukarno, our dear brother who passed away to our sorrow, celebrated the tenth anniversary of the historic Afro-Asian Bandung Conference in Indonesia.

Today we celebrate the tenth anniversary of our fraternal amity and, at the same time, the complete liberation of Cambodia and our common victory over the U.S. imperialists who invaded Cambodia in 1970.

And my current visit is the tenth visit in the ten years during which I have had the great honour and intensive happiness of visiting the glorious Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

I express my infinite gratitude to Your Excellency most respected and beloved Marshal Kim Il Sung for your innumerable benefits including those to my venerable mother Her Majesty Queen who passed away to our deepest sorrow, and for the very important aid to be accorded by Your Excellency in the name of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to us in our national reconstruction.

Excellencies,

Messieurs, mesdames,

Last month, five years and one month after the start of the terrible war which was imposed upon us by odious injustice, U.S. imperialism ran away from our country, leaving behind it ignominious traces of innumerable and unpardonable crimes.

In this war among us Cambodians who are no more than seven million, one million compatriots died, nearly one million compatriots were seriously injured or crippled and more than two million other compatriots went totally bankrupt, having their towns and villages, houses, dry and paddy fields cattle and other property totally destroyed by the mass destruction weapons of the United States of America.

Our only "crime" was that we stubbornly refused to become a neo-colony of the United States and refused our disunity with the fraternal Vietnamese people who had struggled against U.S. imperialism, the aggressor, and for liberating the south of the fatherland.

In our country, only the traitorous clique of Lon Nol, "Pak Jung Hi" of Phnom Penh, were bought over by the U.S. imperialists and colonialists in March 1970.

Our military victory over U.S. imperialism and its lackeys today leaves us a protracted and staunch struggle to win victory in the reconstruction of our country lying in ruins and in the construction of a new Cambodia, a new society truly democratic and equal, where the working people, especially, the workers and peasants, become the sole master of the destinies of the nation and state power and where there will be neither the rich nor the poor any longer, in other words, a new society of Cambodia belonging to the only one class.

To win a new victory which they aspire after, the Cambodian people, the NUFK, the RGNUC and the CNLPAF are working day and night and being organised with an indomitable revolutionary faith.

This indomitable revolutionary faith enables them to solve the most complicated problem and overcome the greatest obstacles created by the U.S. imperialists and their accomplices who are frantically persisting in a sinister plot to wreck our historic revolution beyond our frontiers.

We are confident that our revolution will bring about a shining, historic result.

Because on the road of revolution the Cambodian people are greatly inspired and powerfully encouraged by the precious example of the Korean revolution led by President Kim Il Sung and great and historic victories gained in the revolution of the Korean people, the most glorious among all revolutions and the brilliant and immortal cause of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the sun of the Korean nation.

First as Asians and next as revolutionaries the Cambodians under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea are extremely proud of the superb and shining results made in the building of socialism and communism in the most authoritative Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the gigantic cause which has always been led, since the foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea, by the great leader, the father of the nation and the Party, the Party which will celebrate its 30th birthday on October 10 this year with the greatest glory.

Under the genial and most patriotic leadership of His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, Head of State and father of the Party, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has made world record breaking enormous successes in the national construction and general development of the country in recent years. Some of the records aroused enthusiasm among all the peoples of the third world and evoked the admiration of the whole world. They are, among other things, the realization of the general electrification of the country, abolition of tax impositions, direct and indirect, and the world record in cereal cultivation from the point of per hectare tonnage of grain and from the point of annual growth of cereal production and from the point of the total harvest which will reach the fantastic height of eight million tons of grain.

What I want to add is the fantastic development made in heavy and light industries and in the domains, social, cultural, public health, technical, technological and scientific. Many goals envisaged for the Six-Year Plan have already been surpassed by far.

In a matter of 30 years, the Korean people under the leadership of the great fatherly leader have accomplished prodigious and insurpassable exploits.

In face of the most heroic armed struggle waged two times Japanese colonialism and its lackey local feudalism met their end and U.S. imperialism, most powerful and cruelest and most ferocious aggressor in the world which had boasted of being invincible, sustained a defeat.

On ruins left by Japanese colonialism and U.S. imperialism the Korean people, led by the respected and beloved, great leader, valiantly rose and reconstructed Korea and converted Korea in a short span of time into one of the most powerful, most developed and most advanced countries in the world, into a veritable communist paradise.

This is an incomparable victory of our third world, which is driving imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism, Zionism, racism and fascism into the position of irremediable defeat, because thanks to the most brilliant example set by Korea of President Kim Il Sung which is armed with the *Juche* idea and dashing forward like wind at the Chollima speed, the myth about "invincibility" of U.S. imperialism and other evil forces, the myth about "inaptitude" of the third world countries to believe in their strength and possess sufficient science and technique for freeing themselves from "under-development" and the myth about the "vital necessity" of the third world to accept a "compromise" with big powers have been smashed and buried.

Most respected and beloved Your Excellency Marshal President of the Republic,

Most respected Madame President Kim Song Ae,

Respected Your Excellencies, messieurs, mesdames,

Dear friends,

When the "dominos" of Cambodia and Vietnam which had been neo-colonies and military bases of U.S. imperialism "collapsed," U.S. publications, publications of the so-called "free world" and personages of the so-called "free world" say almost in unison that the "theory of dominos" put forward by the U.S. imperialists a few years ago is being applied in Southeast Asia and will be inevitably applied in other countries of the third world.

According to the "theory of dominos," if the first and second "dominos" fell, other dominos cannot "stand" long. It is that dominos fall one after another.

I do not think such supposition is totally nonsensical. Because the peoples of other countries of the third world are being encouraged by the victorious example set by the Vietnamese people, particularly by the Cambodian people who were a poor and small people not tempered in the war when they were brutally invaded by the U.S. imperialists without a "forewarning."

These other peoples think: Now that the small Cambodian people defeated imperialism, the most powerful and most obstinate neo-colonialism in the world, and chased it out of their country, why can't other peoples, victimized by the same imperialism or other vicious force weaker than the former, liberate themselves this time?

Today the Lao people, the Thai people, the Philippine people and the peoples of other countries are struggling against U.S. imperialism to liberate themselves from the yoke of U.S. imperialism, the veritable colonialist imperialism.

In south Korea, the south Korean people are waging a heroic struggle which is growing fiercer and stauncher day by day, against the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique in order to free themselves from the traitorous clique of Pak Jung Hi, the totally rotten "Lon Nol" of Seoul, in the not distant future, regain freedom, realize democracy and social justice, achieve a peaceful reunification with the glorious north of the fatherland and meet again in the bosom of His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, the only fatherly leader.

Of course, the traitorous clique of Pak Jung Hi with the support of the United States and the Japanese reactionaries are perpetrating immeasurable and abominable crimes, committing foul arch-fascist, anti-national and anti-popular acts against south Korean patriots, young and old, urban dwellers, peasants, collegians, workers, journalists and churchmen, in the frantic and vain hope of saving themselves from the imminent doom after the shameful end of Lon Nol in Phnom Penh and Nguyen Van Thieu in Saigon.

The Gerald Ford-Henry Kissinger government, on its part, is intensifying bellicose provocations, unhesitatingly making the shameless announcement that the U.S. troops would remain in the land of south Korea to the end and brandishing "tactical" nuclear weapons in the area near the "Military Demarcation Line" between the north and the south of Korea, thus deliberately creating a threat to world peace.

The criminal acts of Pak Jung Hi and the bellicose provocations of Gerald Ford and Henry Kissinger will conceal before the world people neither the extreme feebleness of U.S. imperialism which is no more than a colossus on two clay legs rather than a paper tiger nor the extreme fear of the two cliques in Seoul and Washington who are faced with the steady, firm victorious struggle of the Korean people.

His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, the most respected and beloved, great leader, said rightly and wisely:

"Now that the colonial system of imperialism is in the process of total disintegration the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism in south Korea will never remain intact, either."

The respected and beloved leader of the Korean people continued:

"If the enemy ignites war recklessly, we shall resolutely answer it with war and completely destroy the aggressors."

We, Cambodians, who regard it as a great honour to be intimate friends and comrades-in-arms of the fraternal Korean people will stand for ever on your side, always share joy and sorrow with you and exert all efforts to make a sincere contribution, within all our means and possibilities though feeble, to achieving the final victory of the just and noble cause for the independent reunification of the country which you are carrying out.

In this connection, the entire Cambodian people solemnly reaffirm their full support to the three principles and five-point proposition for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea laid down by His Excellency President Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved, great leader of the Korean people.

We absolutely believe that this reunification will be realized in the not distant future.

Before concluding my speech, I, in the name of the Cambodian people and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia, express deep thanks to the fraternal Korean people and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea under the wise leadership of His Excellency most respected and beloved President Kim Il Sung who energetically denounced the dastardly armed aggression perpetrated by the U.S. troops against our country recently, May 13, 14 and 15, 1975.

U.S. imperialism dislikes our country which succeeded in chasing it totally and definitely out of Phnom Penh and the sacred territory of Cambodia through five years and one month of the arduous struggle without accepting peace or negotiations or any compromise.

The pretext for the U.S. new criminal and dastardly aggression was the fact that our young marines were compelled to seize the U.S. ship "Mayaguez" that violated the territorial waters of our country on May 12.

The U.S.A. asserted that it proposed to take diplomatic steps with our Government for the release of "Mayaguez" and it hurled their armed forces against us as all hopes of retaking the American ship and bringing about the safe repatriation of her crew were dispelled.

In fact, the RGNUC was not informed of any diplomatic steps.

The U.S.A. attacked our country for three consecutive days just one day after the seizure of "Mayaguez" by mobilizing their aircraft and helicopters and marines and naval vessels belonging to the powerful U.S. seventh fleet.

This was the combat between "elephant"—the U.S.A.—and "ant"—Cambodia—which shows the extreme dastardliness of the American "super-power."

This dastardliness went the length of savagely bombing our city, port, oil refinery and railway of Sihanoukville and the airport and a small naval base of our Ream in the Gulf of Siam three hours after we let the American ship "Mayaguez" and her crew safely go back.

(Continued on page 3)

Delegations of Koreans Start Here for Homeland To Extend Thanks to President on 20th Birthday of Chongryun

A delegation of Koreans in Japan left Japan for the DPR of Korea by plane on May 21 to express their gratitude to the respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the founding of Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan).

It was headed by vice-Chairman Pak Jae Ro of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryun.

Present at the Tokyo International Airport at Haneda to send off the delegation were vice-Chairman Li Gye Baek of the Chongryun CSC, its bureau chiefs, many Korean residents and the families of the delegation members.

Prior to the departure, a farewell ceremony was held in a waiting room at the airport.

Carried by Korean residents to the airport were flags and placards reading: "Long Live the Great Leader President Kim Il Sung!" "Long Live the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Glorious Fatherland!" and "Warm Farewell to the Delegation of Koreans in Japan to Express Thanks to the Respected and Beloved Leader President Kim Il Sung on the Occasion of the 20th Birthday of Chongryun!"

Its women functionaries presented the delegation with fragrant flower bouquets, carrying the name of the Chongryun CSC.

Vice-Chairman Li Gye Baek made a send-off speech at the meeting.

Vice-Chairman Pak Jae Ro, the head of delegation, spoke next.

The plane left here at 12:05 p.m. with the delegation aboard amidst the resounding cheers from the crowds shouting "Long live President Kim Il Sung!" and waving flags of the Republic.

An eleven-member delegation of the Koreans living in Japan left Haneda Airport for Pyongyang on May 21, to extend thanks to the great leader on the occasion of the 20th birthday of Chongryun.

Korean Youth Bicycle Marchers Also Leave Here To Convey Letters of Allegiance to President

A Fifty-six member delegation of Korean youth delegates left Niigata Port for the DPRK, their dear fatherland, at 4:45 p.m. on May 20, aboard the DPRK ship Mangyongbong, to convey letters of allegiance to President Kim Il Sung in commemoration of the 20th birthday of Chongryun.

They are main participants in the cross-Japan bicycle relay held from April 15 to May 4.

It is the second large group of Korean youths in Japan to visit Pyongyang, following the first which visited there last summer.

Before their departure, a farewell meeting was held at Niigata Port.

Present there was vice-Chairman Li Gye Baek, CSC of Chongryun with many Chongryun workers and compatriots. He made a send-off speech.

Also present there were the director of the Niigata Prefectural Association for Cooperation in Koreans' Repatriation, the chairman of the Socialist Youth Union of the Prefecture and many good-minded Japanese.

DPRK Opens Diplomatic Relations With Kenya, Burma

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—A joint communique on the establishment of diplomatic relations and exchange of diplomatic representatives between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Kenya was released in New York on May 12.

The joint communique said:

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Republic of Kenya agreed upon establishing diplomatic relations and exchanging diplomatic representatives at ambassadorial level between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Kenya to further strengthen and develop the friendly relations and cooperation existing between the two countries.

The joint communique was signed, authorized by the DPRK Government, by Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Kwon Min Jun, Permanent Observer of the DPRK to the United Nations, and, authorized by the Government of the Republic of Kenya, by Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Chales Gatere Maina, Permanent Representative of the Republic of Kenya to the United Nations.

A report on the establishment of diplomatic relations between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma was issued.

The report said that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma agreed on May 16, 1975, to establish diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level between the two countries for the further strengthening and development of the relations of friendship and cooperation existing between the two countries.

* * *

As a result, the number of the countries which established diplomatic ties with the DPRK amounts to 83, including five countries (Fiji, Portugal, Thailand, Kenya and Burma) entering this year.

President KIM IL SUNG Sends Congratulatory Message

To Chairman Han Duk Su of CSC of Chongryun on Its 20th Birthday

PYONGYANG, May 24 (KCNA)—The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message of greetings to Comrade Han Duk Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongryun), on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the formation of Chongryun. The message of greetings reads:

To Comrade Han Duk Su

Chairman of Central Standing Committee of General Association of Korean Residents in Japan

I, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and in my own name, extend warmest congratulations and fervent greetings to the entire functionaries of Chongryun and the compatriots in Japan on the occasion of the significant 20th anniversary of the formation of Chongryun.

The formation of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan on May 25, 1955, was a historic event which paved the way for bringing about a radical turn in the life of the compatriots in Japan by embodying the *Juche* idea of our Party in the overseas compatriots movement.

It was not until Chongryun was formed that the movement of the Koreans in Japan came to take the *Juche* idea as the only guide-line and achieve the unity of the ranks in thinking and purpose based on it and develop into a genuine patriotic movement serving the prosperity and development of the socialist homeland and the reunification and independence of the fatherland.

The compatriots in Japan have since had a revolutionary organisation of *Juche* type truly defending their national dignity and democratic rights and victoriously hewed the road of creating a new history under its correct guidance.

The 20 year-long history of Chongryun is a glorious history in which it has held aloft the revolutionary banner of the *Juche* idea and brilliantly embodied it and a proud history in which it has made enormous successes previously unknown in the world overseas compatriots movement.

Even under the hard conditions where it is dogged by the enemy's subversive activities and sabotages at every step Chongryun has done really tremendous work in the struggle for carrying out the noble patriotic tasks it has assumed before the fatherland and the nation and performed precious exploits which will shine long in the glorious history of the struggle of our nation for the reunification and independence of the country and the freedom and liberation of the people.

Thanks to the consistent patriotic activities of Chongryun for embodying the *Juche* idea today all the functionaries of Chongryun and compatriots of all walks of life in Japan have become proud overseas citizens and ardent patriots of *Juche* Korea who, thoroughly armed with the monolithic ideology of our Party and infinitely faithful to the socialist homeland, are devoting all their wisdom and energies to the patriotic work for the fatherland and the people.

The ideological system of *Juche* has been established within Chongryun and there is the solid political and ideological unity and revolutionary solidarity of the functionaries and the compatriots based on it and Chongryun has dependable organisations of all levels and the work system and methods have been polished still further.

And as a result of its energetic external activities for defending the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan, supporting the struggle of the south Korean people for the democratization of society and national reunification and strengthening international solidarity Chongryun has become an authoritative organization of overseas citizens of the Republic which enjoys the unanimous support and sympathy not only of the Korean people in the homeland and abroad but of the Japanese people and the progressive peoples of different countries of the world.

We take great national pride in all shining victories and precious achievements the compatriots in Japan under the guidance of Chongryun have made by invariably cherishing the allegiance to our Party and the socialist homeland and displaying a high degree of patriotic devotion and indomitable revolutionary spirit, and highly appreciate them.

I on behalf of the Government of the Republic and the entire Korean people express profound thanks to dear Comrade Chairman and deeply thank all the functionaries of Chongryun and compatriots in Japan for this.

Today the general situation of our country is turning decisively favourable to the struggle of our people for national reunification.

With the brilliant implementation of the revolutionary lines of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence and the successful promotion of the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, under the correct leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea, the revolutionary base of the northern half of the Republic has been solidly built up into an invincible bulwark with full preparations to meet the great revolutionary event of national reunification actively at any time.

Upholding the militant programme of the Party on dyeing the whole society with the *Juche* idea, the people in the homeland are now dashing forward like the wind to the high peak of socialism and vigorously waging the speed battle on all fronts to carry out the Six-Year Plan ahead of schedule this year which marks the 30th anniversary of the founding of our glorious Party.

Encouraged by the successes in the grand socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic, the people of all strata in south Korea are unflinchingly keeping up the righteous struggle for the democratization of society and national reunification, not yielding to the harsh fascist repression, and the revolutionary forces of south Korea are growing in scope and strength with each passing day, overcoming arduous trials.

Thanks to the independent and principled foreign policy of the Government of the Republic, solidarity between our country and the socialist countries is incessantly consolidating and solidarity and cooperation with the third world countries are strengthening extraordinarily and we have a large number of friends in various countries of the world.

These days the internal and external situation is also rapidly developing very favourably to our revolution.

The U.S. imperialists who had started going downhill, hit hard by our people in the past Korean War, have sustained a fatal blow again in Indochina and landed themselves in such a fix where they can no longer hold out in Asia. The south Korean rulers who have become lonely puppets due to the total bankruptcy of their neo-colonialist policy are now crying, seized with extreme uneasiness and fear.

The U.S. imperialists and the south Korean rulers who have already been driven deep into an inextricable quagmire are trying to find a way out in further intensifying the fascist repression of the people and provoking a new war of aggression against the northern half of the Republic, but it will only precipitate their destruction.

Chongryun and the 600,000 compatriots in Japan are faced with an honourable yet difficult task to raise all the patriotic work on to a higher stage on the basis of the successes already achieved, in conformity with the demand of the prevailing situation.

The decisive guarantee for consolidating and developing in depth the successes achieved in the movement of Koreans in Japan over the last 20 years is to dye Chongryun with the *Juche* idea.

To dye Chongryun with the *Juche* idea means training all the Chongryun functionaries and Korean citizens in Japan into true revolutionaries in whose vein flows only the blood of *Juche* type, taking the *Juche* idea as the sole guiding compass and embodying it in an allround way in the building of the organisation of Chongryun and its patriotic activities.

Chongryun must, above all, effectively conduct the education in the monolithic ideology and revolutionary education among the functionaries and compatriots and constantly strengthen the organisational life, so that they may breathe and act only with the *Juche* idea, the revolutionary idea of our Party, and live and fight as reliable overseas citizens of *Juche* Korea.

At the same time, Chongryun must build up more solidly its organisations at all levels and organisations under it organisationally and ideologically as required by the *Juche* idea, completely convert its work into work with men, resolutely defend the democratic, national rights of the 600,000 compatriots in Japan, organise and enlist their strength and wisdom to the maximum in the nationwide struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and continue to deepen and develop its external activities for adding lustre to the *Juche* idea.

Firmly believing that the compatriots in Japan under the guidance of Chongryun will render greater services to the fatherland and the nation by dynamically advancing their sacred patriotic movement as ever, cherishing deep in their hearts the great national pride of and revolutionary confidence in being the overseas citizens of the Republic, I wish Comrade Chairman and other Chongryun cadres good health and the 600,000 compatriots in Japan happiness.

KIM IL SUNG

President of Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang, May 24, 1975

(Continued from page 2)

U.S. President Gerald Ford was so shameless as to claim their aero-naval forces gained very great "success" in the battle against us despite the fact that their formidable forces sank just two of our vessels whereas we shot down four U.S. helicopters and killed some 30 U.S. elite combatants.

The so-called U.S. "victory" is in fact another ignominious defeat sustained by the U.S. imperialists, the defeat which adds to the total defeats which the Democratic People's Republic of Korea already inflicted upon the U.S. marine, particularly in the "Pueblo" incident.

The revolutionary peoples of Korea, China and Indochina continue and will continue hand in hand the just struggle against U.S. imperialism, which must quit our region because we are in our region and the U.S.A. has no right to stay in our country.

Under the brilliant leadership of the fatherly leader the heroic Korean people will surely realise in the near future the country's reunification after expelling the U.S. imperialists from south Korea.

It is with this conviction that I, together with all our compatriots present here, propose to drink to the health and longevity of and glory to His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

To the health and longevity of Madame President Kim Song Ae,

To the prosperity of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

To the happiness and success of the Korean people,

To the complete victory in the struggle of the patriotic south Korean people against the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique and their master, U.S. imperialism,

To the liberation, in the near future, of south Korea and its reunification with the glorious north,

To the indestructible amity uniting the Cambodian and Korean peoples,

To the victory of the Asian, Arab, Palestinian, African and Latin American peoples over imperialism, old and new colonialism, Zionism, racism and fascism,

To the health of Their Excellencies messieurs and mesdames high personalities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

To the health of Their Excellencies messieurs and mesdames of diplomatic corps present here,

To the health of all the Korean brothers and sisters present here and

To the health of all friends present here.

(Continued from page 1)

He expressed his firm conviction that Chongryun, in future, too, as in the past, would register greater achievements in its work, reclarified in the congratulatory message of the leader, of arming its functionaries and compatriots firmly with the *Juche* idea, reliably defending the democratic, national rights and of further promoting the reunification of the country.

To the tune of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung" a congratulatory group of the Korean Pioneers Corps in Japan marched into the hall and extended their ardent congratulations to the meeting.

At the meeting, congratulatory speeches were delivered by Narita Tomomi, Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Japan Socialist Party, Senaga Kamejiro, vice-Chairman of the Presidium of the Japan Communist Party, Okimoto Yasuyuki, Chief of the Labour Department of the Komei Party, Ichikawa Makoto, Chairman of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan and O Bo-wen, vice-Chairman of the Tokyo General Association of Chinese Residents in Japan.

They unanimously hailed the exploits performed by Chongryun for 20 years and extended their firm solidarity with Chongryun and resident Koreans in Japan.

Over 5,700 congratulatory messages and telegrams were sent to Chongryun on the occasion of the meeting from international organizations and progressive and democratic bodies and noted figures in various countries, including Chongryun organizations of various levels and business bodies affiliated with it, schools and Korean compatriots under Chongryun or Mindan (the Union of "ROK" Residents in Japan).

After the decision of the CSC of Chongryun on awarding banners to commemorate the 20th anniversary of the founding of Chongryun was read at the meeting, Chairman Han Duk Su awarded banners to 100 units in various Chongryun organizations and schools.

The meeting seethed with firm resolution of the attendants who were going to greet the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea with high political enthusiasm by carrying through the teachings contained in the congratulatory message of the leader and raising all the work of Chongryun to a higher plane.

The meeting unanimously adopted a letter addressed to the great leader President Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution and the benevolent father of the Korean residents in Japan, carrying with it the eternal loyalty of all the participants.

The meeting closed with a chorus of the song "May the Leader Live Long in Good Health."

Meanwhile, 54 foreign delegates from three international organizations and 24 public bodies in the world, who came to Japan in order to celebrate the 20th anniversary of Chongryun, visited the Korean Cultural Center on the afternoon of May 25 after the central rally of the Korean residents in Japan marking the 20th birthday of Chongryun.

They were enthusiastically welcomed by over 4,000 Koreans and students of Korean schools.

The foreign guests saw an art performance given by the Korean students and pupils in celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of Chongryun.

On May 26, they were invited to the Asakusa Kokusai Theatre, where they saw the revolutionary opera, the "Song of Mt. Kumgang-san" performed by the Mt. Kumgang-san Opera Troupe.

That night, they attended to a reception hosted by the Central Standing Committee of Chongryun at the Tokyo Imperial Hotel to commemorate its 20th birthday, together with over 2,000 Japanese people and guests from 40 countries, including ambassadors of China, Soviet, Mongolia, Yugoslavia, Poland, Rumania, Czechoslovakia, Bulgaria, Guinea and Argentina, to Japan.

On May 27, they paid visits to the Korean Publishers Hall, the Choson Sinbo-sa Company and Choson University.

They also visited Chongryun organizations and Korean schools in Osaka, Hyogo, Kyoto, Aichi and Kanagawa prefectures.

Wherever they went, Chongryun workers and Korean compatriots including students and pupils warmly received them with open arms.

Photo shows the attendants of the central meeting of Korean residents in Japan to mark the 20th birthday of Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan). They are overwhelmed with an infinite sense of honor and pride of being overseas citizens of the DPRK, a country under the wise leadership of the great leader.

Foreign guests who came to Japan to celebrate the 20th birthday of Chongryun saw the revolutionary opera, the "Song of Mt. Kumgang-san" in Tokyo on May 26.

▷ The foreign delegates visited the Korean Cultural Center in Tokyo on May 25 to see an art performance by the Korean students and pupils, receiving a warm welcome there.

Chongryun Statement

Re Refusal of Entry Permit into Japan of Foreign Guests to Its Celebration

Vice-Chairman Pak Jae Ro of the CSC of Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) gave a press conference on May 20 and issued a statement denouncing the Japanese authorities for refusing the entry into Japan of the representatives of foreign countries including South Vietnam to prevent them from attending the meeting to celebrate the 20th birthday of Chongryun.

Follows the full text of the statement:

Chongryun strongly demanded the Japanese authorities give permission to enter Japan to the representatives of the Afro-Asian Solidarity Committee and, at the same time, worked hard to realize their entry into Japan.

Our legitimate demand is actively supported by the broad sections of the Japanese people who are looking forward to welcoming the representatives of South Vietnam who won freedom and liberation through long, indefatigable struggle.

The Japanese authorities flatly turned down our application for the permission of entry into Japan of the representatives of South Vietnam under the pretext that the prevailing situation would be aggravated more by their participation in Chongryun's celebration. They are also plotting to prevent representatives of other countries from entering Japan.

This is clearly an intolerable, illegal act which runs counter to the will and aspirations of the Korean and the Japanese people.

We strongly protest the Japanese authorities against this unreasonable step, together with the honest-minded Japanese people who sternly want the South Vietnamese representatives to visit Japan.

It is natural that the world's peace-loving organizations should make their representatives attend the meeting to celebrate the 20th birthday of Chongryun, an organization of overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Chongryun has made consistent efforts since its founding to promote the independent, peaceful reunification of the country, strengthen its solidarity with the Japanese and Vietnamese people, and other Asian peoples and to firmly safeguard world peace.

The Japanese Government continues to take a hostile attitude toward the DPRK and Chongryun. On the other hand, it is set on intensifying political tie-up with the Pak Jung Hi military fascist "regime" which is bent on suppressing the south Korean people and provoking war, to put itself in a stronger position in political bargainings with the Pak gangsters, utilizing the problem of democratic, national rights of Koreans here.

A case in point is that the Japanese authorities are refusing to permit the entry into Japan of the delegation of any foreign country as well as a DPRK delegation to enter Japan and are also refusing to permit the representatives of Koreans here to take part in the Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK.

The Japanese Government is always clamouring about "establishment of friendship" such as "good neighbour policy" and "improvement of relation" with the Indochinese countries including South Vietnam.

This propaganda is no more than a step to deceive the world public, as is clear from the fact that the Japanese Government has refused the entry of the foreign delegations into Japan.

It is clear to everyone that the Japanese Government hasn't changed its hostile policy towards the Korean, Vietnamese people or other Asian peoples and is trying to maintain this hostile policy.

In this way, the Japanese Government is running counter to the demand of history and betrays Asian peoples including the Korean and Vietnamese people, and further the peace-loving people of the world.

We strongly demand the Japanese Government give up at once its anachronistic, hostile policy to the DPRK and Asian countries.

We demand the Japanese Government withdraw their decision to refuse the entry of the South Vietnamese delegation and stop preventing the representatives from entering Japan.

Report to Central Meeting of Koreans Here to Celebrate 20th Birthday of Chongryun

By Chairman Han Duk Su of Chongryun CSC (Gist)

Twenty years have elapsed since the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongryun) was formed. It is a dignified organization of overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. It speaks for the unanimous will and interests of the compatriots residing in this country.

At a very important time, we are today commemorating the 20th anniversary of creation of Chongryun by our respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung. With the 30th anniversary of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea coming up for celebration as a major jubilee of our people, unprecedented historic transformations are taking place in the grand construction of socialism in the northern half of the DPRK under the banner of three revolutions. In the southern half a fierce struggle is under way against fascism and for democracy, bringing about a remarkable advance in the reunification movement. Fresh, cataclysmic changes are being effected in the struggle of the world's peoples against imperialism and for national liberation.

Our respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, who is concurrently General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, went out of his way to send us a congratulatory message on the occasion of the 20th birthday of Chongryun. In it he hailed the exploits performed by Chongryun for 20 years under the banner of the *Juche* ideology. He also indicated a clearcut way to victory ahead of us.

He sent us a silk banner bearing names of both the Central Committee of the WPK and the Government of the DPRK and many other wonderful gifts, while large numbers of Chongryun officials and patriotic compatriots were awarded state decorations. Another special step has been taken by him to organize country-wide, all-people festivities for the 20th anniversary.

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During the past 20 years following Chongryun's formation, world-stunning tremendous transformations have occurred in revolution and construction in our country.

In this capitalist environment of a foreign land, ubiquitous are suppression and persecution as launched by the reactionaries here and abroad. So, our struggle has been carried out against heavy odds.

However, Chongryun has never wavered at all in face of any hardships and ordeals. It has remained loyal to the standard of the undying *Juche* ideology of our leader. Proving the worth of an overseas citizens organization of *Juche* Korea, it has rendered valuable contribution to the prosperity of the socialist fatherland and to the struggle for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

Being a revolutionary genius, President Kim Il Sung, basing himself on the immortal *Juche* thought, the top-level one in the history of human thoughts, set forth a unique concept and theory on the movement of overseas citizens. With it at his disposal, he has charted an unmistakable course of action for the movement of Koreans in Japan to meet each different period and stage. The result is its victorious evolution.

A radical turn came to the lives of the resident compatriots in this country when President Kim Il Sung, known as a legendary hero of anti-Japanese resistance and an ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander, triumphantly concluded his bitterly-fought 15-year anti-Japanese armed struggle. The Japanese imperialist bandits were defeated and the fatherland regained. Till then, the resident compatriots had been subjected to national contempt and maltreatment as slaves since their forced migration to Japan.

They drew limitless inspiration from the triumphal homecoming of our respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung. In October, 1945, they inaugurated their first united front body called the League of Koreans Residing in Japan (Choryun). Korean schools mushroomed throughout this country and a patriotic campaign was commenced to ensure the democratic, national rights and aid the reunification of the country.

The resident compatriots became overseas citizens of an independent, sovereign state and intensified their patriotic efforts with boosted morale when the DPRK was founded on September 9, 1948 under the sagacious guidance of our great leader. She was the first veritable people's government in our national annals.

A mountain of obstacles arose in the way of their patriotic activities as waves of suppression and persecution were ceaselessly coming from the U.S. imperialists, the Japanese reactionaries and the south Korean puppet clique.

On seizure of south Korea, the U.S. imperialists started preparations for an aggressive war in Korea. For them a concern was the patriotic forces growing among the Korean community in Japan which subscribed to the flag of the DPRK. On their instructions, the Japanese reactionary ruling circles ordered Choryun closed in September, 1949 and confiscated all its assets, purging its cadres from public office, with our independently-run schools shut down.

The resident compatriots vigorously continued with their struggle, however.

While the Fatherland Liberation War was raging with the destiny of the homeland at stake, they pushed ahead with preparations for formation of a new organization, being encouraged with the heroism of the people in the fatherland.

At last, in January, 1951, they managed to build the United Democratic Front of Koreans in Japan (Minjon).

Then, factional elements, plagued with flunkeyism and national nihilism, viciously led Minjon in a wrong direction, preventing *Juche* from being rooted in the movement of Koreans in Japan which in turn underwent a serious ordeal.

In the meantime, the resident compatriots were exposed to harsher persecution and suppression as intensified by the American and Japanese reactionaries, with their elementary right to live under grave threats.

The state of affairs called for reorientation of the Koreans movement in Japan along a firm *Juche* line. It made it imperative for the patriotic activities to evolve in a such way to meet the needs of the Korean revolution. This was the only option for survival.

Our great leader President Kim Il Sung made an intensive analysis of the distressed movement. He concluded that the resident compatriots in Japan should estabiish *Juche* thoroughly, struggle for the Korean revolution and concern themselves with the patriotic activities for the defense of their democratic, national rights and for promotion of the reunification of the country. This new line was a call for a shift in the direction.

This beacon-like bid for a change in the line was the wisest one designed to place the movement of Koreans in Japan under the monolithic guidance of our great leader as a genuine national patriotic movement whose job is to work harder for the Korean revolution. It was an overall application of the undying *Juche* thought in the overseas compatriots movement.

Our great leader President Kim Il Sung successfully removed the obstacles and on May 25, 1955 formed the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan as champion of the interests and will of the resident compatriots in a true sense of the word, as an authoritative organization of overseas citizens of the DPRK.

Our respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung said:

"The formation of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan on May 25, 1955, was a historic event which paved the way for bringing about a radical turn in the life of the compatriots in Japan by embodying the Juche idea of our Party in the overseas compatriots movement.

It was not until Chongryun was formed that the movement of the Koreans in Japan came to take the Juche idea as the only guide-line and achieve the unity of the ranks in thinking and purpose based on it and develop into a genuine patriotic movement serving the prosperity and development of the socialist homeland and the reunification and independence of the fatherland. The compatriots in Japan have since had a revolutionary organisation of Juche type truly defending their national dignity and democratic rights and victoriously hewed the road of creating a new history under its correct guidance."

Chongryun's birth catapulted the movement of Koreans in Japan into a new era of development, operating only under the unified guidance of our great leader President Kim Il Sung and embracing his *Juche* thought as its sole guiding principle. It became a veritable national patriotic movement serving the fatherland and the people from a firm *Juche*-motivated position.

The formation of Chongryun meant the birth of a *Juche*-type overseas citizens organization, the first one of the sort in the world's overseas citizens movement; the movement of Koreans in this country has since been standing in the van of the world's similar movements as a model to be followed.

Obviously, the birth of Chongryun went down as a historic event which brought about a radical turn in the struggle and lives of the resident compatriots. It heralded a new age of shining victory and glory under *Juche* for the movement of Koreans in Japan.

(2)

For the past 20 years Chongryun has been making determined efforts to carry out the immortal *Juche* thought of our leader and his policy on the overseas citizens movement. The struggle has been conducted under the wise guidance and kindred care of our great leader President Kim Il Sung, with the result that magnificent successes have been recorded in its sacred patriotic undertaking.

The past 20-year period is a period of worthwhile struggle for a successful rooting of the *Juche* ideological system within Chongryun and studded with brilliant exploits in the patriotic work.

The period proved to be full ordeals for Chongryun, with an extremely difficult and complex situation taking shape for a few years. The south Korean minions and the Japanese militarists signed the criminal "south Korea-Japan treaty" on the orders from the U.S. imperialists, with the U.S. making overt efforts to provoke a new war on the DPRK.

A particular mention must be made of the Japanese reactionaries' schemes to cut off halfway the repatriation to the socialist fatherland and suppress Chongryun and split the Korean community in Japan. Their schemes were pursued in cahoots with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique when the U.S. imperialists were about to enter a new war against the DPRK in the wake of the "Pueblo" incident and other U.S.-provoked cases. They were in parallel with the escalation of the barbarous aggressive war in Vietnam.

Against such background, Chongryun workers and resident compatriots came out in support of the report made by our leader at the Conference of the WPK and the 10-point political program of the DPRK as announced by him. In infinite fidelity to him, they valiantly rode over all the difficulties to let Chongryun continue with its patriotic activities without slackening its pace.

A solid *Juche* ideological system was established within Chongryun, with its infrastructure beefed up and with fresh, greater exploits and strides recorded in its patriotic activities, as a result of the following campaigns: a "100-day Innovation Movement" launched to mark the 20th anniversary of the DPRK; a "120-day Innovation Movement" organized to celebrate the historic 5th Congress of the WPK; a "150-day Innovation Movement" undertaken to observe the 60th birthday of our great leader President Kim Il Sung as the greatest national holiday.

At the 10th Congress of Chongryun we set out a task of dyeing Chongryun in Kimilsungism with the banner of great Kimilsungism unfurled to satisfy the needs of a new stage of the Korean revolution for development. We have made tireless efforts to uplift the patriotic work to a new, higher plane.

Last year, a grave crisis confronted Chongryun. The south Korean fascist junta, collaborating with the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries, framed up the "assassination attempt on Pak Jung Hi" and launched a frantic racket to suppress Chongryun, linking the incident to the DPRK and us. Their objective was apparently to hold in check the advance of Chongryun on a new stage of development.

However, we resolutely repulsed all these politically-motivated machinations and safely preserved our organization formed by our leader. For we received his wise guidance and enjoyed the backing and assistance of the people in the homeland and the world's progressive peoples. Simultaneously we registered a fresh progress in our patriotic movement in keeping with the grand socialist construction struggle briskly afoot in the mother country, as a community-wide "Allegiance Innovation Movement for the Celebration of the 20th Anniversary of Chongryun" has been launched.

It is thanks to the wise guidance and warm compatriotic solicitude of the great leader of our people President Kim Il Sung that Chongryu// has been able to achieve marvellous results in its patriotic work for the past score of years against tremendously heavy odds.

Our respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung stated:

"The 20 year-long history of Chongryun is a glorious history in which it has held aloft the revolutionary banner of the Juche idea and brilliantly embodied it and proud history in which it has made enormous successes previously unknown in the world overseas compatriots movement.

Even under the hard conditions where it is dogged by the enemy's subversive activities and sabotages at every step Chongryun has done really tremendous work in the struggle for carrying out the noble patriotic tasks it has assumed before the fatherland and the nation and performed precious exploits which will shine long in the glorious history of the struggle of our nation for the reunification and independence of the country and the freedom and liberation of the people."

The most valuable of Chongryun's achievements in the period under review is the fact that the *Juche* ideological system, that of Kimilsungism, has been firmly rooted within its infrastructure.

Fstablishing this ideological system assumes fundamental significance, vitally affecting the destiny of the movement of Koreans in Japan.

For this reason, Chongryun, since its birth, has attached top priority to the ideological establishment and vigorously pressed ahead with the ideological education project.

Essential to the *Juche* ideological education carried out with vigor is taking the prestige of our leader absolute, embracing his thought and teachings as faith and fulfilling them without any reservation. This education has involved all the Chongryun workers and resident compatriots.

To improve the education, a Saturday and Wednesday lecture and a 10-day refresher course have been organized for them as a routine activity, while they have made it a rule to engage in a two-hour self-study every day. A wellbuilt "Room for Study of the Revolutionary History of Marshal Kim Il Sung" in every organization and unit of Chongryun has been used as an institute to give lessons in the great *Juche* thought, Kimilsungism, our leader's glorious revolutionary history, his wise leadership and lofty virtues.

Chongryun is giving tirelessly the education in socialist patriotism to the resident compatriots in parallel with the *Juche* education.

By launching a drive to find out those Koreans mixed with the Japanese masses of people to tell them to attend a network of adults and youth schools, we have, since the formation of Chongryun, succeeded

in teaching a total of over 150,000 Korean compatriots who have revived their Korean identity.

The Choson Sinbo Newspapers Company has sophisticated facilities and is proud of its ultra modern office building and the well-built Korean Publications Hall is doing its business. Now the number of periodicals, including the Korean-language daily Choson Sinbo and the monthly magazine Joguk (homeland), are 39, compared with 4 at the time of Chongryun's formation. They are powerful instruments for education and exhortation of Chongryun actjvists and resident compatriots to a greater patriotic effort.

A model-creating movement started in 1961 has been developed on a community-wide scale, involving some 5,000 units such as branches, chapters, member organizations, business corporates and schools. And 17 chapters and over 3,700 units have already won titles of model.

There are a total of 49 local headquarters, 310 chapters and some 2,000 branches throughout this country, from Hokkaido in the north to Okinawa in the south, wherever Koreans live. Proud participants in Chongryun's patriotic work are its 13 member organizations like the youth league, women's union and businessmen's organization and 14 business enterprises in journalism, scientific research, arts and sports, and trade.

The Japanese Government is perpetrating national discrimination against and persecution of the resident compatriots, nationals of a sovereign state, in concert with the south Korean puppet clique, instead of discontinuing a hostile policy toward the DPRK. They are compelled to adopt puppet "south Korean nationality" "apply for permanent residence" and be naturalized as Japanese. They have been kept under virtual detention for long.

A powerful counter blow has been delivered at the suppressive and sabotaging moves of the reactionaries here and abroad; as a result, over 10,000 compatriots shook off puppet nationality and restored DPRK citizenship, with the fascist suppressive "Immigration Bill" being killed four times and the "Foreigners School Bill" killed 7 times. Thus, the democratic and national rights and Chongryun's legal status have been firmly safeguarded.

A successful continuation of the repatriation has brought a total of some 92,000 people home to their socialist homeland in 193 batches. With trips to the homeland and overseas permitted to considerable extent, Chongryun has sent to the DPRK a total of 64 delegations, formal and informal, comprising more than 1,006 people, and has dispatched over 17 delegations to international conferences held abroad. This is a major victory.

A strong action has been taken to protect the right of compatriot businessmen to engage in production and commercial activities.

Our credit associations have largely expanded their activities.

They have become fully authorized national banking institutes serving the compatriots well.

The 20-year struggle graphically shows that Chongryun alone is the champion of the interests of the entire Korean population in this country.

Application of the *Juche*-based concept on the education of overseas citizens has led to striking results in the democratic, national education project.

With the founding of Choson University in 1956, we have completed a democratic, national educational network from kindergarten to university, with an improvement being constantly made.

At present, Chongryun runs a total of 161 regular schools.

Needless to say, education is conducted in Korean.

Teachers have been trained by Chongryun. They are doing now a fine job of educating the rising generation to become faithful to our leader, equipped with due intellect, good morality and strong physique, ready to join our patriotic work as new national cadres. This is against the backdrop of a filthy environment of an alien country.

Chongryun's corresponding fields have recorded proud successes because *Juche* concepts of our great leader on literature and other arts and sports guidance have been appropriately.

There are three examples: firstly, a series of performances of Sea-of Blood-style revolutionary opera called "Song of Mt. Kumgang-san," presented by the Mt. Kumgang-san Opera Troupe inaugurated under the profound care of our leader as the first one in the history of overseas compatriots movements; secondly, a series of performances of grand music and dance ensembles like a 3,000-man "Glory of the Fatherland"; thirdly, a series of 8,000-man mass games. They won unreserved and total applause among a diplomatic corps and the Japanese people.

In particular, a vigorous movement has been waged, involving all the compatriots here, to support and carry into effect the three principles of national reunification—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity—and the five-point reunification programme. Both were put forth by our leader. A signature-collecting campaign was launched against the "two Koreas" policy of the domestic and foreign splittists and for admission of north and south Korea into the United Nations as a single state under a unified title. The more than 250,000 signatures were collected.

Community-wide mass movements have been organized, with tens of thousands of resident compatriots assembling in rallies or taking to streets for demonstrations. All over this country, tens of millions of leaflets have been passed out to the Japanese people as active outdoor PR drives have been carried out. Among the mass movements prominent are an annual June 25-July 27 "month for anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. joint struggle" and "patriotic movement for acceleration of the homeland's independent and peaceful reunification."

Consequently, closer national unity has been built up among the resident compatriots in various strata under the slogans of reunification and national salvation. Fervent support has been extended to the south Korean compatriots in their struggle against fascism and for democracy. A heavy blow has been dealt on the U.S. imperialists and their puppets hell-bent on perpetuating the division of Korea and clamping down upon the south Korean people in a fascist manner.

Irrepressible anger has been expressed by many people under the influence of Mindan (the south Korean Residents Association) at the treacherous behavior of the Pak Jung Hi fascist junta instigated by the American and Japanese reactionaries. They are now active participants in the national salvation struggle for reunification. They formed many organizations to coordinate the struggle. Among them are: the Japan headquarters of the National Congress for Restoration of Democracy in South Korea and Promotion of Reunification; the Committee of South Korean Residents in Japan for Rescue of Political Prisoners and the Committee of South Korean Residents in Japan for Solidarity with the Revolutionary Party for Reunification.

In its external activities Chongryun has recorded impressive successes.

Revolutionary changes have taken place in the international arena for past 20 years, transforming the world radically.

Yesterday's backward colonial Asia disappeared and a new, independent and prosperous Asia has emerged. The anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle is raging in Latin America and complete liberation is dawning on Africa, the so-called Dark Continent.

Till today, we have distributed Japanese, English, French, Spanish and Arabic editions of celebrated works authored by our leader and volumes on his glorious revolutionary history to zealous readers in five continents. As a matter of fact, a total of 1.7 million copies have been distributed.

Chongryun has undertaken a large-scale campaign to publicize our leader's *Juche* thought and the domestic foreign policies of the DPRK through the Japanese-language weekly "Chosen Jiho," the Japanese-language "Chosen Gaho," a monthly photo magazine, and English, French and Spanish editions of The People's Korea whose subscribers are in 147 countries.

Our leader's *Juche* thought, Kimilsungism provides perfect answers to all the questions arising in our times and exerts an irresistible magneticism on the world's progressive people.

When Chongryun was formed, there in Japan was only one organization for friendship with Korea. But now there are many friendship organizations with many people engaged in people-to-people friendship and exchange. Among them are the Japan-Korea Association, the supra-partisan Dietmen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship and the National Congress for Normalized State Relations between Japan and Korea.

Member organization of Chongryun are full members of the World Federation of Democratic Youth, Women's International Democratic Union, the World Federation of Teachers Unions, World Federation of Scientific Workers, International Organization of Journalists, International Association of Democratic Lawyers, increasing bonds with the peoples of the world.

Chongryun's delegations attended the General Assembly of the Inter-Parliamentary Union held in Tokyo and other international conferences in Berlin, Cairo, Algiers, New Delhi, Colombo and other capitals of foreign countries. In those meetings, they widely publicized the *Juche* thought and its fruits, marvellous exploits in the activities of Chongryun.

May 25 has been observed every starting with 1970 as "day for international solidarity with the Korean nationals in Japan" by the OSPAAAL (the Organization of Solidarity of Peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America). A series of events have been organized in support to Chongryun's work.

Such friendship and solidarity has been built up with progressive peoples of the world including peoples of the socialist countries and the third world countries that Chongryun has been making a worthwhile contribution to the national cause of developing the socialist fatherland and the cause of human progress and happiness.

These achievements over the past 20 years are a brilliant victory for the immortal *Juche* ideology of President Kim Il Sung. They are a great victory for his concept on the movement of overseas citizens. They are a splendid fruit of his wise guidance and kindred care.

President Kim Il Sung had the DPRK Socialist Constitution and the Nationality Law promulgated for the purpose of protecting the rights of the resident compatriots under law. He saw that their representatives were elected Deputies to the Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK; our country's highest order, "Order of Kim Il Sung" and the title of Labour Hero, together with many other state decorations and honorable titles were awarded to many of our Chongryun officials and resident compatriots. This is an expression of his high trust in and love for us.

Our leader stressed that it is our duty as well as his supreme desire to educate the Korean children in Japan to become respectable Koreans. He has extended thoughtful compatriotic solicitude for the democratic and national education program of Chongryun to train genuine sons and daughters of the DPRK and inheritors of our patriotic cause.

A particular mention must be made of the fact that in 1957 when they in the homeland were buckling down to the work of postwar rehabilitation with unflagging vigor, our leader exchanged gold reserves of the state treasury to get necessary amount of foreign currency to be sent to Japan as the first instalment of education aid funds and stipends.

For the past 18 years, the sum, remitted in 60 instalments, amounts to 20,002,825,533 Japanese yen.

In December, 1959, our great leader inaugurated a shuttle service between the DPRK and this country to repatriate the resident Koreans as "an exodus of people from capitalism to socialism." All the repatriates have been given decent houses, appropriate jobs in accordance to their wishes and talents, free education and medical care. They all now leading a new, worthwhile life, with all other social benefits provided.

Our leader is the first to be happy to receive any visiting resident compatriots from Japan from pupils, artists, businessmen to Chongryun officials and show fatherly concern with them.

President Kim Il Sung is a revolutionary genius, the sun of our nation and the benevolent fatherly leader of our people. He has made the resident compatriots executors of the patriotic movement and wisely led them to score tremendous exploits in the noble patriotic undertaking. With surging sense of adoration and loyalty, I extend to our respected and beloved leader once again highest honor and most fervent thanks.

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Today, a glorious task is before Chongryun and the resident compatriots. It is to meet the 30th anniversary of the Workers' Party of Korea with fresh innovations and splendid exploits in the patriotic work and to make maximum effort to bring earlier the reunification of the fatherland. To this end, it is necessary to uphold the programmatic teachings of our leader and the slogans put forth by the WPK Central Committee.

President Kim Il Sung, our respected and beloved leader, had this to say:

"Chongryun and the 600,000 compatriots in Japan are faced with an honourable yet difficult task to raise all the patriotic work on to a higher stage on the basis of the successes already achieved, in conformity with the demand of the prevailing situation.

The decisive guarantee for consolidating and developing in depth the successes achieved in the movement of Koreans in Japan over the last 20 years is to dye Chongryun with the Juche idea."

According to his teaching, all the activities of Chongryun must be elevated to a higher plane so as to meet the needs of the Korean revolution. This is geared to the powerful movement of the compatriots in the homeland. The objective here is to turn Chongryun into an organization true to our leader for ever and characterized by rock-firm unity, capable of defying any hardships.

To this end, priority is attached to a complete *Juche*, Kimilsungist dyeing of the organizations.

We must ardently love our socialist homeland and do our best to protect it.

Wirepulled by the U.S. imperialists and allied with the south Korean puppet clique, the Japanese Government is persistently attempting to suppress Chongryun and deprive the resident compatriots of their legitimate interests, while hostile to the DPRK.

The Japanese Government refused an entry into Japan of a delegation from the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries which the National Congress for Normalized State Relations between Japan and Korea extended an invitation to. They have also refused under unwarranted pretexts entry for a delegation from South Vietnam and other overseas delegations which Chongryun invited.

This is an undisguised expression of their policy of national persecution and discrimination against Chongryun and resident compatriots. It is an insult to the world's progressive peoples including the Japanese.

The present situation is changing as a whole in favor of the Korean people in their struggle for the reunification of their country, but it disfavors the splittists here and broad.

As they find themselves in a grave crisis, the U.S. imperialists and the south Korean ruling circles, in a bid to survive, are frantically engaged in the unheard-of fascist oppression and provocation of a reckless war against the northern half of the DPRK, clamoring about the imaginary "threat of southward invasion."

This will only precipitate their destruction, as exemplified in the last Korean War and the recent war in Indochina.

The south Korean revolutionaries and people in all walks of life are waging a courageous struggle against the colonial enslavement policy of the U.S. imperialists and the fascist rule by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

To support the anti-fascist, democratization struggle of the south Korean people is a national duty of all the Korean people at home and abroad.

The favourable present situation makes it imperative for us to play an increasingly important role in the pan-national struggle to greet the approaching reunification of the country with victory.

In support to the three principles and five-point program for national reunification set forth by our respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung, we must forcefully inspire the resident compatriots to a struggle for reunification.

Now, our nation is a cross roads of reunification or division, patriotism or treachery. Chongryun, at this critical hour, calls upon all the people under Mindan that want reunification to come out in struggle for an independent and peaceful reunification in firm unity with us. This appeal we make here with warm compatriotism.

We, upholding the banner of national salvation and reunification, must frustrate the maneuvers of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique for splitting the nation and perpetuating the division and for war provocations. We must aid the struggle to build a democratic society in south Korea and accomplish the national reunification.

More positive support must be won for the reunification struggle through closer relations with the peoples of the world including the Japanese and more brisk dissemination of our great *Juche* ideology.

The Japanese Government is strongly urged: to lend an ear to the public demand for improved relations with Korea; to remove the man-made obstacles to activated wide-range intercourse between the two countries; to discontinue its hostile policy toward the DPRK, and to desist from attempts to hamper the reunification and from reinroads into south Korea.

An active effort should be made to cement friendly bonds with the peace-loving people of the socialist countries, newly-independent countries and other countries of the world.

Thanks to the sagacious leadership and warm solicitude of President Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the revolution, Chongryun and the resident compatriots have traversed a path of victory for past 20 years, through thick and thin.

A thorough fulfilment of the congratulatory message of President Kim Il Sung on the 20th anniversary of Chongryun will bring a great change to the living and work of the compatriots, and develop the movement of Koreans in Japan onto a new higher stage.

Upholding the fighting program put forth by the leader, all workers and fellow countrymen here as well as those at home should make a report of loyalty and victory to him, by marking the 30th anniversary of the *Juche*-typed Party, the Workers' Party of Korea with a new triumph in Chongryun's work.

No one can hold in check our marching forward under the ever-victorious revolutionary banner of Kimilsungism.

Only victory, glory and shining future are in store for us.

Let's rally ourselves closely around President Kim Il Sung, and let's go forward toward the independent reunification of the country and the final victory of the cause led by Kimilsungism.

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